

Town of Sellersburg Clerk Treasurer's Office Standard Operating Procedure

Name/Title	Account's Payable Vouchers/Claims
Date Issued	10/01/2018
IC Code Reference	5-11-10
Ordinance/Resolution Reference	Ordinance 2003-016

Purpose:

To process Accounts Payable Vouchers/Claim's for Vendor's for the Town of Sellersburg in a timely and accurate manner.

Policy:

In accordance with IC Code 5-11-10, Accounts Payable Voucher's are to be submitted to the Clerk Treasurer's Office within five business days prior to a Town Council meeting for auditing and processing.

Pre-approved payment claims, referred to in Ordinance 2003-016, are to be submitted to the Clerk Treasurer's Office in a timely manner. You must allow three business days for payment processing time once received by the Clerk Treasurer's Office.

Incomplete/incorrect Accounts Payable Vouchers/Claim's will be returned to the Officer whose signature is on the voucher and must be completed/corrected within 24 hours and resubmitted for processing.

Consistent incomplete/incorrect Accounts Payable Vouchers/Claim's will be addressed with the Town Council so that corrective action can be taken.

Procedure:

- 1. Verify that the invoice/bill is invoiced/billed to the Town of Sellersburg (Department).
- 2. Verify that the invoice/bill is true and correct and that the materials or services itemized thereon for which charge is made were ordered and received and have not been previously paid.
- 3. Complete an Accounts Payable Voucher
- 4. Verify that the funds in the appropriation being selected are sufficient to cover the invoice(s)/bills(s). Negative appropriations will cause the Accounts Payable Voucher to be returned to you.
- 5. Attach the invoice(s)/bills(s) | Do not staple return envelopes or payment stubs to the Accounts Payable Voucher, use a paperclip and paperclip the envelope, with the payment stub inside, to the **front** of the Accounts Payable Voucher.
- Paperclip W9 form to the front of the Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim (for new Vendor's ONLY).
- 7. Put all Accounts Payable Voucher's in alphabetical order.
- 8. Submit Accounts Payable Voucher's to the Clerk Treasurer's Office.

Required Forms/Documents:

1. Accounts Payable Voucher (must include the following):

Vendor Information
Invoice Date(s)
Invoice Number(s)
Appropriation Number(s)
Description(s)
Amount(s)
Total
Signature, Date and Title of Officer certifying invoice(s)/bills(s)

2. Fully Itemized Invoice/Bill (must include the following):

Vendor Information Invoice Date Invoice Number Description Amount

- 3. Contract-if applicable
- 4. Bids-if applicable
- 5. Town Council Meeting Minutes-if applicable
- 6. W9 Form (for new Vendor's only)

Incomplete/Incorrect Accounts Payable Vouchers/Claims:

Incomplete/Incorrect Accounts Payable Vouchers/Claims will be returned to the submitting Officer with a Notice of Incomplete/Incorrect Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim Notice stating the reason for the return.

The submitting Officer will have 24 hours from the date of the notice to complete/correct the Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim and resubmit to the Clerk Treasurer's Office in order to be processed for the current month's Board meeting.

If the corrected/completed voucher is not returned within 24 hours, the Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim will not be able to be processed until the following month's Board meeting and it will be the responsibility of the submitting Officer to notify the Vendor of the payment delay.

Attachments:

- 1. IC 5-11-10
- 2. Ordinance 2003-016
- 3. Accounts Payable Voucher Sample
- 4. Fully Itemized Invoice Sample
- 5. W9 Form Sample
- 6. Notice of returned Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim Sample

IC 5-11-10

Chapter 10. Certification of Claims; Forms

IC 5-11-10-1

Exempt entities; disbursements for claims; certification; liability

- Sec. 1. (a) This section applies to the state and its political subdivisions. However, this section does not apply to the following:
 - (1) A state educational institution, including Ivy Tech Community College of Indiana.
 - (2) A municipality (as defined in IC 36-1-2-11).
 - (3) A county.
 - (4) An airport authority operating in a consolidated city.
 - (5) A capital improvements board of managers operating in a consolidated city.
 - (6) A board of directors of a public transportation corporation operating in a consolidated city.
 - (7) A municipal corporation organized under IC 16-22-8-6.
 - (8) A public library.
 - (9) A library services authority.
 - (10) A hospital organized under IC 16-22 or a hospital organized under IC 16-23.
 - (11) A school corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-17).
 - (12) A regional water or sewer district organized under IC 13-26 or under IC 13-3-2 (before its repeal).
 - (13) A municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1).
 - (14) A board of an airport authority under IC 8-22-3.
 - (15) A conservancy district.
 - (16) A board of aviation commissioners under IC 8-22-2.
 - (17) A public transportation corporation under IC 36-9-4.
 - (18) A commuter transportation district under IC 8-5-15.
 - (19) A solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal).
 - (20) A county building authority under IC 36-9-13.
 - (21) A soil and water conservation district established under IC 14-32.
 - (22) The northwestern Indiana regional planning commission established by IC 36-7-7.6-3.
 - (23) The commuter rail service board established under IC 8-24-5.
 - (24) The regional demand and scheduled bus service board established under IC 8-24-6.
- (b) No warrant or check shall be drawn by a disbursing officer in payment of any claim unless the same has been fully itemized and its correctness properly certified to by the claimant or some authorized person in the claimant's behalf, and filed and allowed as provided by law.
- (c) The certificate provided for in subsection (b) is not required for:
 - (1) claims rendered by a public utility for electric, gas, steam, water, or telephone services, the charges for which are regulated

by a governmental body;

- (2) a warrant issued by the auditor of state under IC 4-13-2-7(b);
- (3) a check issued by a special disbursing officer under IC 4-13-2-20(g); or
- (4) a payment of fees under IC 36-7-11.2-49(b) or IC 36-7-11.3-43(b).
- (d) The disbursing officer shall issue checks or warrants for all claims which meet all of the requirements of this section. The disbursing officer does not incur personal liability for disbursements:
 - (1) processed in accordance with this section; and
 - (2) for which funds are appropriated and available.
- (e) The certificate provided for in subsection (b) must be in the following form:

I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits, and that no part of the same has been paid.

(Formerly: Acts 1953, c.155, s.1; Acts 1957, c.37, s.1; Acts 1971, P.L.49, SEC.1.) As amended by Acts 1977, P.L.54, SEC.1; Acts 1979, P.L.37, SEC.1; Acts 1981, P.L.52, SEC.1; P.L.53-1983, SEC.1; P.L.54-1983, SEC.1; P.L.48-1988, SEC.1; P.L.25-1988, SEC.3; P.L.29-1990, SEC.2; P.L.2-1993, SEC.45; P.L.5-1995, SEC.5; P.L.1-1995, SEC.42; P.L.71-1995, SEC.1; P.L.69-1995, SEC.2; P.L.40-1996, SEC.1; P.L.39-1996, SEC.6; P.L.45-1997, SEC.1; P.L.99-2003, SEC.1; P.L.127-2005, SEC.5; P.L.169-2006, SEC.3; P.L.2-2007, SEC.98; P.L.182-2009(ss), SEC.76.

IC 5-11-10-1.6

Requirements for issuance of warrant or check by fiscal officer

- Sec. 1.6. (a) As used in this section, "governmental entity" refers to any of the following:
 - (1) A municipality (as defined in IC 36-1-2-11).
 - (2) A school corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-17), including a school extracurricular account.
 - (3) A county.
 - (4) A regional water or sewer district organized under IC 13-26 or under IC 13-3-2 (before its repeal).
 - (5) A municipally owned utility that is subject to IC 8-1.5-3 or IC 8-1.5-4.
 - (6) A board of an airport authority under IC 8-22-3.
 - (7) A board of aviation commissioners under IC 8-22-2.
 - (8) A conservancy district.
 - (9) A public transportation corporation under IC 36-9-4.
 - (10) A commuter transportation district under IC 8-5-15.
 - (11) The state.
 - (12) A solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal).
 - (13) A levee authority established under IC 14-27-6.
 - (14) A county building authority under IC 36-9-13.
 - (15) A soil and water conservation district established under

IC 14-32.

- (16) The northwestern Indiana regional planning commission established by IC 36-7-7.6-3.
- (17) The commuter rail service board established under IC 8-24-5.
- (18) The regional demand and scheduled bus service board established under IC 8-24-6.
- (b) As used in this section, "claim" means a bill or an invoice submitted to a governmental entity for goods or services.
- (c) The fiscal officer of a governmental entity may not draw a warrant or check for payment of a claim unless:
 - (1) there is a fully itemized invoice or bill for the claim;
 - (2) the invoice or bill is approved by the officer or person receiving the goods and services;
 - (3) the invoice or bill is filed with the governmental entity's fiscal officer;
 - (4) the fiscal officer audits and certifies before payment that the invoice or bill is true and correct; and
 - (5) payment of the claim is allowed by the governmental entity's legislative body or the board or official having jurisdiction over allowance of payment of the claim.

This subsection does not prohibit a school corporation, with prior approval of the board having jurisdiction over allowance of payment of the claim, from making payment in advance of receipt of services as allowed by guidelines developed under IC 20-20-13-10. This subsection does not prohibit a municipality from making meal expense advances to a municipal employee who will be traveling on official municipal business if the municipal fiscal body has adopted an ordinance allowing the advance payment, specifying the maximum amount that may be paid in advance, specifying the required invoices and other documentation that must be submitted by the municipal employee, and providing for reimbursement from the wages of the municipal employee if the municipal employee does not submit the required invoices and documentation.

- (d) The fiscal officer of a governmental entity shall issue checks or warrants for claims by the governmental entity that meet all of the requirements of this section. The fiscal officer does not incur personal liability for disbursements:
 - (1) processed in accordance with this section; and
 - (2) for which funds are appropriated and available.
- (e) The certification provided for in subsection (c)(4) must be on a form prescribed by the state board of accounts. As added by P.L.71-1995, SEC.2. Amended by P.L.69-1995, SEC.3; P.L.14-1996, SEC.6; P.L.40-1996, SEC.2; P.L.39-1996, SEC.7; P.L.45-1997, SEC.2; P.L.49-1997, SEC.27; P.L.253-1997(ss), SEC.3; P.L.35-1999, SEC.1; P.L.68-2001, SEC.2; P.L.99-2003, SEC.2 and P.L.191-2003, SEC.2; P.L.1-2005, SEC.78; P.L.169-2006, SEC.4; P.L.182-2009(ss), SEC.77.

Approval and allowance of claims; claim forms; publication of claims and allowances

- Sec. 2. (a) Claims against a political subdivision of the state must be approved by the officer or person receiving the goods or services, be audited for correctness and approved by the disbursing officer of the political subdivision, and, where applicable, be allowed by the governing body having jurisdiction over allowance of such claims before they are paid. If the claim is against a governmental entity (as defined in section 1.6 of this chapter), the claim must be certified by the fiscal officer.
- (b) The state board of accounts shall prescribe a form which will permit claims from two (2) or more claimants to be listed on a single document and, when such list is signed by members of the governing body showing the claims and amounts allowed each claimant and the total claimed and allowed as listed on such document, it shall not be necessary for the members to sign each claim.
 - (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), only:
 - (1) the chairperson of the board of directors of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal); or
 - (2) the chairperson's designee;

is required to sign the claim form described under this section.

- (d) The form prescribed under this section shall be prepared by or filed with the disbursing officer of the political subdivision, together with:
 - (1) the supporting claims if payment is made under section 1 of this chapter; or
 - (2) the supporting invoices or bills if payment is made under section 1.6 of this chapter.

All such documents shall be carefully preserved by the disbursing officer as a part of the official records of the office.

- (e) Where under any law it is provided that each claim be allowed over the signatures of members of a governing body, or a claim docket or accounts payable voucher register be prepared listing claims to be considered for allowance, the form and procedure prescribed in this section shall be in lieu of the provisions of the other law.
- (f) Notwithstanding this section, the publication required by IC 36-2-6-3(b) must state each claim for which a separate warrant or check is to be issued by the disbursing officer except for claims for the following:
 - (1) Salaries fixed in a definite amount by ordinance or statute.
 - (2) Per diem of jurors.
 - (3) Salaries of officers of a court.

(Formerly: Acts 1953, c.155, s.2.) As amended by Acts 1978, P.L.25, SEC.1; Acts 1979, P.L.37, SEC.2; Acts 1982, P.L.33, SEC.4; P.L.33-1992, SEC.3; P.L.71-1995, SEC.3; P.L.64-1995, SEC.8; P.L.1-1996, SEC.37; P.L.14-1996, SEC.7; P.L.40-1996, SEC.3; P.L.39-1996, SEC.8.

IC 5-11-10-3

Violations; offense

Sec. 3. A person who violates section 1 of this chapter is subject to criminal prosecution under IC 35-44.2-2-3.

(Formerly: Acts 1953, c.155, s.3.) As amended by Acts 1978, P.L.2, SEC.513; P.L.126-2012, SEC.20.

ORDINANCE NO. 2003- 0/6

AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE PRE-APPROVED PAYMENTS OF CLAIMS ON BEHALF OF THE TOWN OF SELLERSBURG

WHEREAS, the Sellersburg Town Council does not have in place a definite policy regarding the pre-approved payments of claims submitted monthly for payment by the Town of Sellersburg; and

WHEREAS, the Sellersburg Clerk-Treasurer has advised that the herein ordinance is necessary for the efficient and effective administration of Town government;

BE IT NOW THEREFORE ORDAINED, by the Sellersburg Town Council that I.C. 36-5-4-12 shall be adopted and incorporated into the herein ordinance, whereby the Sellersburg Town Council hereby authorizes the Town's fiscal officer to make claim payments in advance of a board allowance for all lawful Town purposes and for the following types of expenses:

- 1. Property or service purchased or leased from: a) the United States Government; or b) an agency or political subdivision of the United States Government.
 - 2. License fees or permit fees.
 - 3. Insurance premiums.
 - 4. Utility payments or utility connection charges.
- 5. Federal grant programs if: a) advance funding is not prohibited; and b) the contracting party provides sufficient security for the amount advanced.
 - 6. Grants of State funds authorized by statute.
 - 7. Maintenance agreements or service agreements.
 - 8. Lease agreements or rental agreements.
 - 9. Principal and interest payments on bonds.

ORDINANCE NO. 2006-004

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING ORDINANCE NO. 2003-016 ESTABLISHING THE PRE-APPROVED PAYMENTS OF CLAIMS ON BEHALF OF THE TOWN OF SELLERSBURG

WHEREAS, the Sellersburg Town Council approved Ordinance No. 2003-016 establishing a definite policy regarding the pre-approved payments of claims submitted monthly for payment by the Town of Sellersburg; and

WHEREAS, the Sellersburg Clerk-Treasurer has advised that amendment to the herein ordinance is necessary for the efficient and effective administration of Town government;

BE IT NOW THEREFORE ORDAINED, by the Sellersburg Town Council Ordinance No. 2003-016 shall be amended to authorize the Town's fiscal officer to make payments of postage expenses incurred by the Sellersburg Department of Municipal Works in advance of a board allowance:

BE IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED by the Sellersburg Town Council that all other provisions of Ordinance No. 2003-016 which are not in conflict herewith shall remain in full force and effect without modification

	Torce and effect without modification.	
	SO ORDAINED THIS 940	DAY OF January, 2006.
	Doug J. Reiter Council President	Michael N. Lockhart Council Vice President
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	Trinette S. Imhof	Paul J. Rhodes
	Council Member	Council Member
		Decumb & Kindler
	Jacques S. Smith	Attest: David L. Kinder
	Council Member	Ćlerk-Treasurer

Accounts Payable Voucher

PAGE: 1

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Board/Council Members



Kentucky Truck Sales

1403 Truckers Blvd. Jeffersonville. IN 47130

Phone: \$12,283,1172 Fax: \$12,284,0794

www.trucktoday.com











Invoice: 01P109188

Date / Time: 8/8/2018 9:20:40AM

Parts Order: 109188 Customer: 01805 Branch: KTS Invoice Total: \$ 99.75

*** Charge *** Page 1 of 1

BIII To: TOWN OF SELLERSBURG P O BOX 175 SELLERSBURG, IN 47172

Ship To: TOWN OF SELLERSBURG 316 E UTICA ST

SELLERSBURG, IN 47172 Office Phone: 812-246-3821 Shop Phone: 812-246-3821

Invoiced By: mfleig Delivery Method: WILL CALL Customer P/O: vac trkk Ext Price Description / Ref Number Quantity List Price Part / Misc Supplier \$122.90 \$99.75 \$99.75 **EACH** PANEL, SUPPORT, DASH, STERL A22-65848-000 100 \$0.00 Indiana Sales Tax \$0.00 Invoice Subtotal: \$99.75 **Total Tax:** \$0.00 \$99.75 Invoice Total:

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: The only warranties applying to this part(s) are those which may be offered by the manufacturer. The selling dealer hereby expressly disclaims all warranties, either express or implied, including any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose, and neither assumes nor authorizes any other person to assume for it any liability in connection with the sale of this part(s) and/or service. Buyer shall not be entitled to recover from the selling dealer any consequential damages, damages to properly, damages for loss of use, loss of time, or any other incidental damages.

Due Date:

09/10/2018

RETURN POLICY: All claims and returned parts must be received within 30 days. All returned parts must not have been installed, be in the original undamaged package, and accompanied by this invoice. There will be a 15% handling charge on all returned parts. We are not allowed to accept returns on electrical or specia order parts. Please prepay when ordering special order parts. Prices subject to change without notice. Cores will not be accepted for credit after 30 days.

RECEIVED B	BY:	
DATE:		

Payment Terms:

10th of Month

Payment Method:

Charge

Form W-9

(Rev. November 2017) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	1 Name	(as shown on your inco	ne tax retu	ırn). Name is re	quired on th	is line; do	not leave	this line	e blank.								
	2 Busine	ess name/disregarded e	ntity name,	if different from	n above												
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Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

• Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

Form W-9 (Rev. 11-2017)

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),

- 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- · An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- $\,$ 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details).
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. Sole proprietor or single-member LLC. Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. Disregarded entity. For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation
Individual Sole proprietorship, or Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Individual/sole proprietor or single- member LLC
LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
Partnership	Partnership
Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
 - 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11-A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
 - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581
 - K-A broker
- L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* helow

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester,* later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account 1
Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
 b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law 	The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

- ¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.
- ² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- ³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.
- *Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust. Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

Form W-9 (Rev. 11-2017)

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/ldentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.





(812) 246-7049 FAX (812) 246-7040

Michelle D. Miller Clerk Treasurer

Robin M. Jones Chief Deputy Clerk-Treasurer

Notice of Incomplete/Incorrect Accounts Payable Voucher/Claim

1 st Notice	_ 2 nd Notice	3 rd Notice
Department:		
Building Commission	VEN	OOR:
Parks & Recreation		
Police		
Public Works		
Town Council		
Redevelopment		
Reason for Notice:		
Incomplete APV (see co	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Fully Itemized Invoice/B	ill not attached	
Incorrect Appropriation		
Appropriation not suffic	ient to cover amo	unt of claim
W-9 not attached		
Contract not attached	<u></u>	
Minutes not attached		
Duplicate Invoice/Bill	:	-:/L:II)
Sales Tax included (requ		oice/biii)
Other (see comments be	elow)	
Comments:		
Name:		
Date Returned:		

This rejected APV must be re-submitted within 24 hours in order to be processed for the current month. If the rejected APV is not re-submitted within 24 hours it will not be able to be processed until the following month and it will be your responsibility to notify your vendor.